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SEP 15 2017

Timothy W. Fitzgerald
SPOKANE COUNTY CLERK

Superior Court of Washington, County of Spokane

In re:

SIRINYA SURINA,

Petitioner,

No. 17-3-01817-0

And,

Proposed Parenting Plan

AARON SURINA,

Respondent.

Parenting Plan

1. This parenting plan is a Proposal (request) by a parent Aaron Surina.
It is not a signed court order. (PPP)

2. **Children** – This parenting plan is for the following children:

Child's name:	Age
David Surina	5
Andrew Surina	1

3. **Reasons for putting limitations on a parent** (under RCW 26.09.191)

- a. **Abandonment, neglect, child abuse, domestic violence, assault, or sex offense.**

Neither parent has any of these problems.

- b. **Other problems** that may harm the children's best interests.

Reserved as to the mother

4. **Limitations on a parent**

Does not apply at this time. There are no reasons for limitations checked in 3.a. or 3.b. above.

5. **Decision-making**

When the children are with you, you are responsible for them. You can make day-to-day decisions for the children when they are with you, including decisions about safety and emergency health care. Major decisions must be made as follows.

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2 **a. Who can make major decisions about the children?**

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Type of Major Decision:	John
School / Educational	X
Health care (not emergency)	X
Religious Upbringing	X
Extra curricular Activities*	X

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8 Joint decision for extracurricular only applies if the extracurricular activity will impose a
9 financial burden on the other party or interfere with their regularly schedule parenting time. If
10 no joint decision-making or dispute resolution occurs, the party making the decision shall bear
all the expense of the decision, and the other parent is relieved from taking the child to the
activity.

11 **b. Reasons for limits on major decision-making, if any:**

12 There are no reasons to limit major decision-making.

13 **6. Dispute Resolution – If you and the other parent disagree...**

14 From time to time, the parents may have disagreements about shared decisions or about what parts
of this parenting plan mean.

- 15 **a.** To solve disagreements about this parenting plan, the parents will go to mediation with a
qualified family law mediator before they may go to court.

16 If a dispute resolution provider is not named above, or if the named provider is no longer
available, the parents may agree on a provider or ask the court to name one.

17 **Important!** Unless there is an emergency, the parents must participate in the dispute
18 resolution process listed above in good faith, before going to court. This section does **not**
apply to disagreements about money or support.

- 19 **b.** If mediation, arbitration, or counseling is required, one parent must notify the other parent by
written request/email.

20 The parents will pay for the mediation, arbitration, or counseling services as follows:

21 Petitioner- 50%; Respondent- 50%

22 **What to expect in the dispute resolution process:**

- 23
 - Preference shall be given to carrying out the parenting plan.
 - If you reach an agreement, it must be put into writing, signed, and both parents must get a
copy.
 - If the court finds that you have used or frustrated the dispute resolution process without a
good reason, the court can order you to pay financial sanctions (penalties) including the other
parent's legal fees.
 - You may go back to court if the dispute resolution process doesn't solve the disagreement or
if you disagree with the arbitrator's decision.
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7. **Custodian**

The custodians are Aaron Surina and Sirinya Surina solely for the purpose of all state and federal statutes which require a designation or determination of custody. Even though one parent is called the custodian, this does not change the parenting rights and responsibilities described in this plan.

Parenting Time Schedule

8. **School Schedule**

a. **Children under School-Age**

Same as school schedule.

b. **School-Age Children**

This schedule will apply immediately.

The child shall reside equally with both parents as follows:

Father shall have every Monday at 8 am to Wednesday at 8 am.

Mother shall have every Wednesday at 8 am to Friday at 8 am.

The parties shall alternate the weekends starting Friday at 8 am to Monday at 8 am.

9. **Summer Schedule**

Summer begins and ends according to the school calendar.

Same as school schedule, except for the following vacation times:

Each parent may select up to 2 non-consecutive or consecutive weeks of vacation in the **summer** with at least 1 month notice to the other parent. In the event of conflict, the mother shall have priority in even years, the father in odd.

10. **Holiday Schedule (includes school breaks)**

This is the Holiday Schedule for all children.

Holiday	Child with Sirinya Surina	Child with Aaron Surina
Spring Break	The parties shall equally share Spring break, with the midpoint exchange Wednesday at 3 pm. Father shall have first half; mother shall have second half.	
Mother's Day	Every Yr. From 7 pm the day before to 7 pm the day of	
Father's Day		Every Yr. From 7 pm the day before to 7 pm the day of
Thanksgiving Day / Break	Odd Years Begin Wednesday when	Even Years Begin Wednesday when school

Holiday	Child with Sirinya Surina	Child with Aaron Surina
	day/time: <u>school releases</u>	day/time: <u>releases</u>
	End day/time: <u>Friday at 8 am</u>	End day/time: <u>Friday at 8 am</u>
Winter Break	The first half of winter break is defined the day school is released until noon on Christmas Day. The second half of winter break is defined as noon Christmas day until return to school. In odd years- the father shall have the first half, and the mother shall have the second half. In even years, the mother shall have the first half and the father shall have the second half.	
Christmas Eve/day	Follow Winter Break	
New Year's Eve	Follow Winter break	
July 4th	Even Years - from 9 am the day before to 10 am July 5th	Odd Years - from 9 am the day before to 10 am July 5th

11. Conflicts in Scheduling

The Holiday Schedule must be observed over all other schedules. If there are conflicts within the Holiday Schedule:

Named holidays shall be followed before school breaks.

12. Transportation Arrangements

Transportation arrangements for the child between the parents shall be as follows:

Receiving parent –curbside exchange.

13. Moving with the Children (Relocation)

If the custodian plans to move, s/he **must notify** every person who has court-ordered time with the children.

Move to a different school district

If the move is to a different school district, the custodian must complete the form Notice of Intent to Move with Children (FL Relocate 701) and deliver it at least **60 days** before the intended move.

Exceptions:

- If the custodian could not reasonably have known enough information to complete the form in time to give 60 days' notice, the custodian must give notice within **5 days** after learning the information.

- If the custodian is relocating to a domestic violence shelter or moving to avoid a clear, immediate and unreasonable risk to health or safety, notice may be delayed **21 days**.
- If information is protected under a court order or the address confidentiality program, it may be withheld from the notice.
- A custodian who believes that giving notice would put her/himself or a child at unreasonable risk of harm, may ask the court for permission to leave things out of the notice or to be allowed to move without giving notice. Use form Motion to Limit Notice of Intent to Move with Children (Ex Parte) (FL Relocate 702).

The Notice of Intent to Move with Children can be delivered by having someone personally serve the other party or by any form of mail that requires a return receipt.

If the custodian wants to change the Parenting Plan because of the move, s/he must deliver a proposed Parenting Plan together with the Notice.

Move within the same school district

If the move is within the same school district, the custodian still has to let the other parent know. However, the notice does not have to be served personally or by mail with a return receipt. Notice to the other party can be made in any reasonable way. No specific form is required.

Warning! If you do not notify...

A custodian who does not give the required notice may be found in contempt of court. If that happens the court can impose sanctions. Sanctions can include requiring the custodian to bring the children back if the move has already happened, and ordering the custodian to pay the other side's costs and lawyer's fees.

Right to object

A person who has court-ordered time with the children can object to a move to a different school district and/or to the custodian's proposed Parenting Plan. If the move is within the same school district, the other party doesn't have the right to object to the move, but s/he may ask to change the Parenting Plan if there are adequate reasons under the modification law (RCW 26.09.260).

An objection is made by filing the Objection about Moving with Children and Petition about Changing a Parenting/Custody Order (Relocation) (form FL Relocate 721). File your Objection with the court and serve a copy on the custodian and anyone else who has court-ordered time with the children. Service of the Objection must be by personal service or by mailing a copy to each person by any form of mail that requires a return receipt. The Objection must be filed and served no later than **30 days** after the Notice of Intent to Move with Children was received.

Right to move

During the 30 days after the Notice was served, the custodian may not move to a different school district with the children unless s/he has a court order allowing the move.

After the 30 days, if no Objection is filed, the custodian may move with the children without getting a court order allowing the move.

After the 30 days, if an Objection has been filed, the custodian may move with the children **pending** the final hearing on the Objection **unless**:

- The other party gets a court order saying the children cannot move, or
- The other party has scheduled a hearing to take place no more than 15 days after the date the Objection was served on the custodian. (However, the custodian may ask the court for an order allowing the move even though a hearing is pending if the custodian believes that s/he or a child is at unreasonable risk of harm.)

The court may make a different decision about the move at a final hearing on the Objection.

1 **Parenting Plan after move**

2 If the custodian served a proposed Parenting Plan with the Notice, **and** if no Objection is filed
3 within 30 days after the Notice was served (or if the parties agree):

- 4 ▪ Both parties may follow that proposed plan without being held in contempt of the Parenting
5 Plan that was in place before the move. However, the proposed plan cannot be enforced by
6 contempt unless it has been approved by a court.
- 7 ▪ Either party may ask the court to approve the proposed plan. Use form Ex Parte Motion for
8 Final Order Changing Parenting Plan – No Objection to Moving with Children (FL
9 Relocate 706).

10 **Forms**

11 You can find forms about moving with children at:

- 12 ▪ The Washington State Courts' website: www.courts.wa.gov/forms,
13 ▪ The Administrative Office of the Courts – call: (360) 705-5328,
14 ▪ Washington LawHelp: www.washingtonlawhelp.org, or
15 ▪ The Superior Court Clerk's office or county law library (for a fee).

16 (This is a summary of the law. The complete law is in RCW 26.09.430 through 26.09.480.)

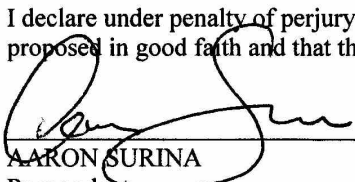
17 **14. Other**

- 18 1. Neither parent shall make derogatory or disparaging remarks about the other parent in the
19 presence of the children or to another person within the children's hearing range and they
20 shall not allow others to do so.
- 21 2. The children shall have reasonable telephone privileges with the parent with whom they are
22 not then residing without interference of the residential parent.
- 23 3. The parents shall keep the other party advised at all times of their current telephone number
24 and residence address; a post office box number does not satisfy this requirement. In the
25 event of a change, the respective party shall notify the other party in writing and post
26 marled within two days of the said change.
4. Mother shall not remove the children from Washington State.
5. Mother shall engage in mental health evaluation and counseling for her anger and abuse
 issues.

15. Proposal

This is a **proposed** (requested) parenting plan.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the state of Washington that this plan was
proposed in good faith and that the information in section 3 above is true.

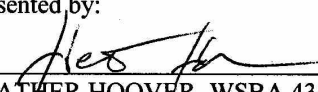
21 
22 AARON SURINA
23 Respondent

24 9/14/2017
25 Signed at (city and state)
26

1 16. **Court Order**

2 Does not apply. This is a proposal.

3 Presented by:

4 
5 HEATHER HOOVER, WSBA 43184
6 Attorney for Respondent